DISTRIBUTION

CLASSIFICATION

- 5. The recruits usually make flights in Maszovlet planes from Ferihegy.
- 6. The regiment is recruited from all over the country, especially from young men who have already made parachute jumps, who are politically reliable and come from proletarian families. They are submitted to searching medical examinations. The medical examinations take place in Budapest, in the garrison hospital on Robert Karoly Korut. Out of 500 aspirants, only 50 succeed in being accepted.
- 7. Infantry training is very thorough and lasts three months. During this period there are also gymnastic and tumbling exercises and flights for acclimatization. Jumping technique is taught at 4,000 m.
- 8. Training jumps from planes are only begun in the fourth month. Those who fail a jump are immediately transferred to the infantry. There are so many of these that it is extremely difficult to fill up the regiment.
- 9. Down to 1950 the "Hess" seat parachute was used. Since then, the Russian back-and-belly combined system of parachutes has been used, each weighing 6 kgs. They are assembled in the shops at katyasfoeld Airfield.
- 10. The first three or four jumps are made with automatically opening parachutes from 1500, 1200 and 900 meters. After this, jumps are made from 3-4000 meters, with the recruit opening his own parachute part way down.
- 11. The heavy machine-guns are divided in three parts and carried down by three men.
- 12. The heavy weapons parachutes have not yet been issued but they are expected soon; they will be of the Soviet model.
- 13. When the troops are carried by air, all of them, including officers, carry live ammunition. This is strictly enforced. Next to the pilot sits a Russian officer and a civilian agent of the AVO, who watch not only the pilot, but the passengers. The mail of the men is closely censored, and they are allowed to leave their barracks only in groups and with a responsible person in charge.

